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# The Chinook Advance

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Vol 11, No 50

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, April 7, 1927

Subscription \$1.50 per year, in advance

See Our Spring Assortment  
OF  
Men's and Boy's Overalls, Work  
and Dress Shirts, Sweaters, Socks  
and Underwear

Simmer's Garden Seeds 4 packets for 25c.

**Complete Stock of Groceries**  
MAIL ORDER PRICE ON LARGE ORDERS.  
See us before sending your money out of the district.  
**Ask about our Soap Deal!**

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Quality—Economy—Service  
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CHINOOK ALTA

## Tire Price Reduced!

30x3 1/2 CORD TIRE \$8.60	TUBE \$1.75
ROYAL CORD (OVER SIZE) \$12.10	TUBE \$2.45
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All the above Tires carry a standard guarantee.

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PISTON \$1.41 FRONT HUB \$1.02  
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COMPLETE WITH ALL FITTINGS READY FOR  
ATTACHING TO ANY FORD CAR  
from 1909 to 1927 models. Price \$13.20

## The Service Garage

COOLEY BROS., Props.  
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## Get Your Formaldehyde

At the  
**Drug Store**

DON'T TAKE ANY CHANCES ON SMUT.

The percentage of crop lost each year through smut  
runs high. Try the Drug Store First.

## E. E. JACQUES

DRUGGIST

CHINOOK

### LOCAL ITEMS

Miss E. Gingles left on Sat-  
urday morning for Edmonton.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Massey moved  
out of town to their farm on Satur-  
day.

Leslie Allen, who has been spend-  
ing the winter in Vancouver, re-  
turned to his farm in the Heath-  
dale district on Friday.

The ladies card club met at the  
home of Mrs. Tracy on Tuesday  
evening. The prize, a handsome  
flower vase, was won by Mrs. J.  
Rennie. The club will meet next  
Tuesday evening at the home of  
Mrs. Srigley.

F. Belmont was a visitor in Ed-  
monton this week.

Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Harrington  
and family, of Big Stone, returned  
on Saturday from California,  
where they have been visiting re-  
latives and friends.

Lorne Proudfoot, M.L.A., re-  
turned on Sunday from Edmonton,  
where he has been attending the  
Alberta Legislative Assembly.

P. J. Kaustrop, who has been  
spending the past three months in  
States, returned on Monday.

Ralph Whelan has rented the  
farm of Jas. Martin west of town.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Howton are  
leaving town this week for Youngs-  
town. During their residence here  
they have made many friends who  
regret their departure.

Wm. Leitch, of Bearville, who  
has been spending the winter at  
Lacombe, returned on Tuesday.

Anton Peterson, who has been  
attending the Spring Stock Show  
at Calgary, returned on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Donald Gordon  
returned on Saturday from Calgary  
where they have been spending the  
winter.

If you are looking for a cheap  
farm on which to locate see the  
North East quarter of Section 13-  
28-7, w. 4. This is a good quarter  
section of land, close to town, and  
can be purchased, clear of all en-  
cumbrances, for the low sum of  
\$2.00 per acre. Apply at the  
Advance Office.

Miss M. Esler, a member of the  
Chinook School teaching staff, has  
been on the sick list this week.  
Mr. M. L. Chapman has been sub-  
stituting for her.

Mr. and Mrs. K. Hohlen left on  
Wednesday for Owen, where they  
will visit relatives.

Miss C. Choninard, of Bearville,  
who has been spending the past  
three months in Edmonton, re-  
turned on Wednesday.

At the Chinook School next  
Wednesday evening, April 13, there  
will be shown Thomas Meighan in  
a fast baseball picture, "The New  
Klondyke."

P. Peterson, D. McKenzie and  
L. S. Dawson were visitors in  
Youngstown on Tuesday.

Mrs. F. Sayers and children re-  
turned on Sunday from Carstairs,  
where they have been visiting re-  
latives.

Mrs. I. W. Doman left this  
morning for Calgary, where she  
will undergo an operation in the  
Holy Cross Hospital.

### Novelty Ball

Those who participated in dan-  
cing last Friday night in the Chin-  
ook School were given a real jolly  
time when the Mid-night Sere-  
nades supplied the music for the  
Novelty ball. In spite of bad roads  
a number from the country were  
present, and the dance hall pre-  
sented a gay appearance as the  
dancers kept step to the lovely  
music rendered by the orchestra.  
All present report a most enjoyable  
time.

### Several Farms Changing Hands

Since the beginning of the year  
several farms have been sold to the  
Mennonites who are coming into  
the Chinook district. Last week  
Messrs. Martens and Schnitt were  
looking over the farm of William  
Meade south of town. Both Mr.  
Meade and the prospective pur-  
chasers have come to a satisfactory  
agreement as to price and terms of  
the sale of this farm, and the final  
closing of the deal only awaits the  
sanction of the Mennonite Board.  
The deal was put through by J. K.  
Sponner and I. W. Doman.

### Prayer Meeting And Special Easter Service

There will be a prayer meeting  
at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C.  
W. Ridout to-night, Thursday,  
April 7, at 8 o'clock.

An Easter service will be held in  
the Chinook United Church on  
Sunday evening, April 17, com-  
mencing at 7:30. There will be  
special Easter music with solos,  
and the musical order of service  
will be used from the new hymn  
book.

You are heartily invited to at-  
tend these services.

### Chinook Women's Institute Meet

A well attended meeting of the  
Chinook Women's Institute was  
held on Wednesday afternoon at  
the home of Mrs. Hurley, when  
two very interesting and instruc-  
tive papers were read. Mrs. O.  
Nelson read a paper on "Easter,"  
and Mrs. M. L. Chapman gave  
a paper on "Agriculture." Both  
addresses were much appreciated  
by those present.

### Workmen's Compensation

A total of 8,930 accidents were  
registered with the Workmen's  
Compensation Board of the pro-  
vince of Alberta during 1926. Of  
these 58 were fatal, 87 gave per-  
manent disability and 8,785 gave  
only temporary disability. Total  
compensation paid was \$298,404-  
40, with \$391,008.98 transferred to  
the Pension Fund and \$234,770.42  
paid to pensioners. There 174  
widows, 370 children, and 231 per-  
manently disabled workmen draw-  
ing monthly payments from the  
pension fund.

The payroll of industries under  
the Compensation Act totalled  
\$60,367,229.16 in 1926, with a total  
of 47,878 employees.

The members of the Ladies' Aid  
will meet at the home of Mrs. M.  
L. Chapman on Wednesday after-  
noon, April 13.

Bert Smith was in town on Wed-  
nesday visiting his parents.

## Spring Eye Openers

Flour \$4.15

Sugar \$1.60

China Rolled Oats 40c.

20 Rolled Oats 98c.

Cheese 27c. lb.

Pure Jam 65c.

Cranberries 15c lb.

16-lbs. White Beans \$1.00

Malkin's Best Tea 70c. lb. pkg.

Men's Blue Work Shirts \$1.00

Men's Khaki „ Shirts \$1.25

Men's Work Gloves

Pig skin 85c. Horsehide faced 85c.

Men's Blue Overalls, 1st GRADE 1.65

**W. A. HURLEY,**  
CHINOOK Limited ALBERTA

## Ladies! Attention Ladies!

### The CHINOOK BARBER SHOP

Now under supervision of F. M. SHERMAN, formerly of  
LAMONTE TONSORIALS, of FRISCO,  
Now at Your Service.

Shingling, Bobbing, the most up-to-date cuts  
A trial will convince you.

H. W. BUTTS - - Proprietor

## Meats, Breakfast Bacon

## Smoked and Fresh Fish

So important is the question of food that  
it calls for your most serious consideration. In  
the matter of MEATS you can purchase here  
with the utmost confidence, and be sure you are  
getting the best the market offers.

A visit from you will be appreciated.  
Cheerfulness and Service is the community spirit.

## Chinook & Youngstown Meat Markets

## Now Is The Time To Get Your New Shoes For Spring

Our Stock is complete with low prices and best quality.  
We Want Your Business.

See our Harness Parts and Harness Hardware Display

HARNESS OIL, AXLE GREASE AND HARD OIL.

**CHINOOK HARNESS SHOP**  
S. H. Smith, Prop.

# In clean, bright Aluminum RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

When you serve RED ROSE ORANGE  
PEKOE to your family you are giving  
them the best tea you can buy.

## Too Late!

With the memory of the theatre holocaust in which some scores of little children were the victims, still fresh in their minds, the citizens of Montreal are passing through another tragedy, an epidemic of typhoid fever which, at the time of writing, has afflicted over 1,200 people and resulted in over forty deaths.

The taking of proper precautions and the provision of necessary safeguards would have saved the people of Montreal from the horrors of the theatre fire, and, in like manner, the present typhoid epidemic could easily have been prevented.

It is the same old story over and over again of looking the stable don after the horse has been stolen, and one is sometimes inclined to question whether human beings are, after all, so much superior in intelligence to animals. In the case of animals it is noticeable that once bitten they are twice shy, but humans go on repeating the same blunder time after time and pay large penalties in sorrow, suffering and loss.

Following the Montreal theatre fire an investigation was made into every theatre and hall of public assembly in the city to ascertain whether they were in a condition safeguarding the lives of those attending them. Practically all of them were found deficient in some respects; some were condemned and closed up. It should not have required a great catastrophe and the loss of many lives to lead civic officials to discharge a duty which should be exercising their attention all the time.

And now, when it is too late, investigation has established that the typhoid outbreak is the result of impure milk supplied to citizens. One man kills another and his law is to face a trial for murder or manslaughter. In Montreal one thousand and more are lying on sick beds in homes and hospitals fighting for life, and more than two score are dead, all the result of criminal negligence.

In the case of this typhoid outbreak there is double neglect on the part of the health authorities. In the first place it was their sworn duty to safeguard the health of all citizens through the assurance of a supply of pure milk. That is one of the duties of a civic health department, and for the discharge of which they are paid salaries out of the taxes of the ratepayers. In the second place, medical evidence has placed in their hands the means of preventing typhoid, of rendering people immune from its ravages. Now that the epidemic is raging energetic steps are being taken to inoculate tens of thousands of citizens, when, in the case of many, it is overwhelmingly too late.

Not only so, but these emergency measures cost many times as much in effort and money as the day to day carrying on of this all important work would cost in the regular work of health administration. Why is it that municipal councils insist they cannot afford to expend money to protect the health and lives of their people, and then expend many times the required amount in a frantic endeavor to overcome the evil which through their shortsightedness has resulted?

And let not other places adopt a "holier than thou" attitude toward Montreal; rather let them examine their own municipal lion-holds. It is a well established fact that smallpox, diphtheria and typhoid fever can be absolutely prevented and banished from our midst. These frightful diseases can be rendered as extinct as the dodo, leprosy or yellow fever. Yet they continue to stalk through the land claiming their thousands of victims every year. Why? Because of what amounts to criminal negligence on the part of local officials and people generally.

Our Western people pride themselves in their work for the promotion of health, but they still have a long way to travel in the direction of the eradication of preventable disease. There is much educational work yet to be done, and it is sincerely to be hoped that provincial health departments, municipal councils and health officers, all doctors, and every organization interested in the health, happiness and well-being of the people will throw themselves unreservedly into the campaign now in progress at many points under the "Seconomy Plan" for the wiping out of preventable disease. The community which does not engage in this warfare stands itself as hopelessly backward, and indifferent to the best interests and highest welfare of its people.

## A Lesson in Multiplication

In a grain of wheat were placed on the first square of a chessboard, two grains on the second, four on the third, eight on the fourth and so on, the total number on the sixty-fourth square would be 18,446,744,073,709,551,615.

It's getting so parents haven't any more control over their children than they have over their tempers.

A good wife remembers a complaint paid her husband as long as she lives.

## Assembled the Paris

Afternoon Collier: "And your line the first square of a chessboard, two grains on the second, four on the third, eight on the fourth and so on, the total number on the sixty-fourth square would be 18,446,744,073,709,551,615."

A stadium is to be constructed in Bologna, Italy, to seat 50,000 spectators.

Never try to dictate to a woman unless she is your stenographer.

## CHILDREN CRY FOR

**Fletcher's  
CASTORIA**



MOTHER—Fletcher's Castoria is especially prepared to relieve infants in arms and children all ages of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Dr. H. H. Fletcher*. Absolutely Harmless—No Opium. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

## Canada's Certain Destiny

Viscount Willingdon Says Dominion to be One of the Great Nationalities of the World

Canada's certain destiny is to be one of the great nationalities of the world, a member of the British Commonwealth of Nations, but free and independent in its administrative life, Viscount Willingdon declared in an address before the Canadian Club at Victoria.

The Governor-General outlined his vision of the Empire, "an empire like which the world has never seen, an empire which, whatever pessimists may say, it is my firm belief that the more independent and free the various parts become in matters of administration the closer will be the ties of loyalty that bind them to the throne."

Britain, he said, is still full of life and vigor despite the troubles of past years.

## Stomach Cramps Yield to "Nervine"

When doled up at midnight with cramps you don't feel like experimenting. What you want is something to remove the cramp. Nothing acts so effectively as Nervine. Take twenty drops in a little sweetened water, and quick as a wink the cramp is gone. Nervine is about five times as strong as most medicines, and because so strong, only a small dose is required to give instant effect. For stomach cramps, fermentation, cramps, etc., Nervine should be had in every home. For sure protection, get "Nervine" today. 25c at dealers.

## Found Millions But Received No Reward

British Officer Left Sick Bed to Locate Week of Laureate

No Admiralty recognition has come to Commander Geoffrey Unsworth, D.S.M., D.S.C., R.N.R., who located the "Laureate" from which \$25,000,000 in bullion has been saved. Commander Unsworth, who is now in charge of a steamer trading between Grimsby and the Continent, was a pilot in Irish waters and mine clearance officer of the Longh South's flotilla when the "Laureate" struck.

He saved the ship's complement, but suffered so much from exposure that he was admitted to Londonderry Hospital. Admiralty expeditions failed to locate the treasure-laden vessel. Commander Unsworth looked for the wreck, his sick bed in one part of the search. His knowledge of Irish waters enabled him to discover the wreck and buy the spot, making possible the recent salvage operations, for which honors and reward have been generously bestowed.

The Admiralty apparently regard the commander's part as all in the day's work, but so far it has gone without recognition.

Externally or Internally, it is Good. When applied externally, by back rubbing, by Thomas' Electric Oil, it opens the pores and penetrates the frame, touching the seat of the trouble and immediately affecting relief, stimulating internally, it kills the irritation in the throat which in drows coughing and will relieve affections of the bronchial tubes and respiratory organs. Try it and be convinced.

## Documents Are Guarded In Westminster Abbey

Some Historical Papers Dite Back to Eighth Century

The Museum Room at Westminster Abbey contains a collection of historical documents that probably has no counterpart the world over. Chained guard in locked, iron-bound chests, the papers kept there number over 10,000, and some of them date back to the eighth century. These documents are not being prepared and edited for publication, and the secret of the location of the British Museum, is making a careful record of 25,000 of the more important.

## Chief Electoral Officers

The Dominion Elections Act is to be amended to provide that the chief electoral officers shall be appointed by resolution of the House of Commons at a salary of \$1,000 per annum. The act at present reads: "The chief electoral officer shall also be 'as named by the Crown.'" Col. G. M. Blaney, in the dual position of chief electoral officer and counsel to the Crown is receiving a salary of \$12,000 per year.

## It Pays to Advertise

Two young farmers living near Victoria, British Columbia, advertised in the B.C. newspaper that they desired to correspond with two young English women, object matrimony. One mail later from England brought in reply more than 2,000 letters from England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

Kill wants with Minard's Liniment.

W. N. U. 1675

## Map Shows Many Lakes

Area North-East of Winnipeg is Maze of Waterways

In the past few years, interest has been turned to the region in Western Ontario lying North of the transcontinental railway line, due to mineral activities in such localities as Red Lake and the surrounding territory.

Aerial flying in this general region has assumed such importance that it has been considered advisable to issue an "aeronautical map" for the special use of air pilots. This map, known as the Winnipeg District Aeronautical Map, is printed in colors on the scale of 8 miles to an inch and covers an area from Winnipeg to a point about 50 miles east of Kenora and from the latter place to the point where the Ontario-Manitoba boundary line turns in its course from due north to north-easterly.

This area exhibits many variations but its most striking characteristic is its intricate maze of water features that are set down in the vicinity of the Ontario-Manitoba boundary line and easterly therefrom. In order that the air pilot may at all times know his location from the ground features below, all water features are mapped that it is possible to show on the scale used. The result is a network of lakes and rivers that would be confusing in their multiplicity if special means were not taken to simplify them. This is done, on the map, by indicating the regularly traveled water routes in a special color and also in differentiating the main waterways from the rest.

The map, although designed particularly for use of aviators, should prove equally serviceable to the general public. For those who wish to travel in this region, whether by dog team in winter or by canoe in summer, it shows the features in much greater detail than is usual for the scale used. It may be obtained from the Topographical Survey Department of the Interior, Ottawa, for the nominal price of 25 cents, or it is desired in folder form, for 50 cents.

## Eat Raw Wheat

Parisians Extol Benefits Derived From Latest Craze

Raw wheat as a cure for all ills is the latest craze of intellectual Parisians. Andre Papilin, a writer on dietetics, says he is a devotee of sardines in tomato sauce, the theoretical and artistic daily newspaper, extolling the benefits of munching a teaspoonful of germinating wheat before luncheon every day.

What he declares, contains in enormous degree the vitamins lacking in other articles of food, particularly the nervous system. Many persons followed his advice and have less to his obtained immense benefit.

Now fashionable doctors are prescribing it for their patients and the principal restaurants are arranging to serve the magic cereal as a house specialty.

## Lives Near Arctic Circle

Employees of Hudson's Bay Company World's Loneliest Men

James Thom, who is referred to as "the loneliest man in the world," is in Kingston, Ontario, visiting his sister. Mr. Thom, who is employed by the Hudson's Bay Company, has for the past seven years lived at a point within a few miles of the Arctic circle, and was the only white man there. He is of English birth, from Waterbury, which is about 2,000 miles north of Winnipeg. In his district there are six weeks of summer weather and there are no trees.

## Many Vessels Wrecked

Ships Lost During Year 1926 Totalled Three Hundred

A total of 291 vessels were lost in the world during 1926 by disaster at sea or on waterways.

The Bureau of Navigation has just made public its annual compilation on the subject, showing that 2,011 passengers were clinging on the wrecked boats, of whom 175 lost their lives. Among the vessels, 207 private yachts, the balance, 287, being merchant vessels or passenger ships.

Anybody who has a face like a fish is over to type. Dr. W. K. Gregory, Trinity College, Hartford, is right. He traces the evolution of the human race from that of a fish in ten stages requiring 200,000,000 years.

To have children sound and healthy is the first cure of a mother. They cannot be healthy if troubled with worms. Use Mother's Worm Expeller.

About the easiest way to settle an argument is to shut up.

Kissing may be dangerous, but we are not a race of cowards.

### "EMPIRE" PLASTER WALL BOARD

No expert required to make a perfect wall, ceiling or partition with "Empire" Plaster Wall-board

Can be saved and nailed like lumber. It is fire-proof, rigid and strong; will not warp, shrink or crack and gives a beautifully smooth surface for Wallpaper, Paint or Kalsomine.

Write us direct for sample if you can't obtain from dealer

413

MANUFACTURED BY  
MANITOBA CEMENT COMPANY LTD.  
WINNIPEG, CANADA

## Pool to Acquire Elevators

Saskatchewan Wheat Pool to Construct or Acquire New Elevators at 57 Points

Construction or acquisition of country elevators at 57 points has been decided upon by the directors of the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool. It is officially announced. This will bring the total number of elevators owned by the Saskatchewan Pool to 641 for the 1927-28 crop season.

Following are the points at which elevators will be acquired by the Wheat Pool:

Adams, Amery, Ardler, Asquith, Astor, Bransford, Bromhead, Canby, Cheviot, Clayton or Escho, Chon, Corinne, Cory, Creighton, Downs, Elgin, Driver, Dulwich, Eltington, Evesham, Fenton, Findhorn, Forcan, Fusilier, Howard, Holford, Horston, Houghton, Jay's Siding, Kildale, Kildale, Lanigan, Mason, Marchetti, Marango, Montmartre, McTavish, Norder, Norquay, Ostrum, Piquet, Punguan, Pelly, Phipps, Pym, Qu'Appelle, Redvers, Spence Lake, Stenen, St. Brice, Togo, Tuxford, Valparaiso, Vance, Whitewood, Wilkie, Windthorst, Wolfe.

In connection with the 1927 elevator program it was agreed that for the purpose of reducing points there should be a minimum delivery of such points of an average of 50,000 bushels during the crop years 1925-26 and 1926-27, except on shillings, new stations or boundary points.

Buckingham Palace contains approximately five hundred rooms.

## British Doctors Urge

International Code

Would Remove Language Difficulties in Wireless Consultations at Sea

An international medical code whereby remedies for diseases would be transmitted by standardized one signals in the case of wireless medical consultations at sea between doctors' ships and those carrying doctors, is being urged by British physicians. By this means the difficulties of language differences are to be removed.

## HAVE GLOSSY HAIR

Minard's will make your hair soft and lustrous. Stimulates growth. Use as a tonic.



## Longest Street in World

Washington street, as it runs from Boston to Providence, R.I., has had some fame as being the longest street in the world, but that honor appears to belong to Walling street, in England, which runs as such from London to Liverpool.

Don't wait for your ship to come in; charter a tug and go out to meet it.

### Cuticura Comforts Tender Aching Irritated Feet

Bathe the feet for several minutes with Cuticura Soap and warm water, then follow with a light application of Cuticura Ointment, gently rubbed in. This treatment is most successful in relieving and comforting tired, hot, aching, burning feet.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: Cuticura Dispensary, "Eveready Bldg., Montreal." Price, 50c per box. Free of charge to all.

25c Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

## To See in the Dark

The white finger of Eveready illumination will point the way unfailingly. Thousands of accidents have been prevented during the last year by these watchful sentinels of the night. Join to-day the vast army of Eveready Flashlight users who have come to know Eveready quality as the standard by which all portable lights are judged.

"There is only one Eveready—buy it for safety."

Tune in on CKV, Winnipeg, for Eveready Programs, Sunday April 10th, 9 p.m., Saturday April 16th, 11 p.m., Saturday April 23rd, 11 p.m.

Canadian National Carbon Co., Limited  
Montreal Toronto Winnipeg Vancouver

**EVEREADY FLASHLIGHTS & BATTERIES**  
—they last longer

# Newsprint From Wheat Straw May Compete With Wood As New Process Is Developed

What material may be expected to supplement wood in the event of the world consumption of newsprint attaining anything resembling the per capita use of this commodity in the United States, asks the Natural Resources Intelligence Service, Department of the Interior, Ottawa. Will be esparto grass which has been used extensively in the past and is still being used? Will it be bamboo, which has been used to some extent? Or will it be straw? If the latter then Canada with its vast cereal-growing areas possesses great and permanent potential supplies. Straw material has looked upon as having great possibilities and recently a company was formed at Edmonton for the purpose of manufacturing paper from this commodity. If this mill succeeds it would justify a considerable and possibly a remarkable industrial development in the Canadian wheat fields.

Recent developments along similar lines in Italy may be of interest to Canadian agriculturists, and capitalists, points out the Natural Resources Service. The problems of producing a straw which will fulfill all the technical requirements of satisfactory newsprint paper has been the subject of intensive research on the part of Italian industrial chemists for a number of years. The problem is not thought successfully solved and straw pulp is being produced on an industrial scale in the plants of the Società Elettrochimica Pomilio in Naples and in those of the Società Italiana di Elettrochimica at Busi.

The latter mill which has a daily production capacity of 20 tons, is now turning out approximately 10 tons of pulp a day for the paper industry. The Pomilio process has the further advantage of utilizing the chlorine by-product in the production of electrolytic soda, which is a well developed Italian industry.

The problem of production costs has also been successfully solved, and the cost of production of newsprint paper containing approximately 80 per cent straw is claimed to be about 22 per cent less than ordinary newspaper paper, whose current price is about \$75 a short ton.

Experiments have found paper with an 80 per cent straw and 20 per cent wood content suitable for printing purposes. Samples of the editions received show the paper to be of good quality and excellent color, but somewhat harder in finish and less absorbent to ink than the newspaper in general use in the United States and Canada. The paper is also slightly less opaque and the printed sheet does not appear to have the clearness characteristic of American newspapers.

Meanwhile Canada maintains her position of the world leading country in the exports of both wood pulp and wheat, and her pulpwood and cereal growing countries are so enthusiastic as to justify the opinion that she will remain the predominant factor in newsprint supplies no matter whether the final choice goes either to esparto or to wheat straw.

## Alaskan Reindeer

### More Than Half a Million Roaming the Northern Tundra

Reindeer, originally introduced into Northern Alaska to ward off starvation of the Eskimo, today presents a problem which is commanding serious attention of Government officials and private citizens alike.

The herd of 1,200 imported into the territory in the 10 years prior to 1902, has multiplied so rapidly that it is estimated that more than half a million are roaming the northern tundra. On the present basis of increase, within 10 years it is expected the number will approximate 5,000,000, the maximum that can be grazed successfully, say Government experts.

The problem of what to do with the fast multiplying herd is one for which no satisfactory solution has yet been found. Marketing the meat in the United States has been undertaken, but difficulty has been encountered in popularizing it as a food. Not that it is less palatable than beef or other meat, those interested assert, but the housewives are slow to try a hitherto unknown commodity.

## First Dominion Day

### Events of 1867 Are Recalled by Toronto Cab Driver

While preparations are going forward to make the celebration of Canada's 60th birthday, next July 1, a memorable event, 81-year-old Charles Abbott, probably Toronto's oldest cab driver, recalls the doings of the first Dominion Day—1867.

On that momentous day Mr. Abbott's cab had been engaged by Alderman John Carr, chairman of the Toronto Fireworks Committee. Mr. Abbott still retains vivid recollections of the modest fireworks display in Queen's Park that closed Dominion Day.

A feature of Toronto's celebration of the first Dominion Day, Mr. Abbott recalls, was the military review of the Royal Artillery and Royal Guard.



A Smart Daytime or Evening Frock  
Our charming frock illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the frock 10 cents the copy.

## How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union,  
175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg.  
Pattern No. .... Size .....  
Name .....  
Town .....

## Time Ball No Longer Needed

Greenwich Time is Now Picked Up by Wireless  
For two generations the Signal Tower at Deal has given the time of day to passing ships by the dropping of its Time Ball. Now the tower is to be closed and the ball will drop no more.

No one seems to know the tower's age, but in the old days it was used for semaphore and flag signalling to the ships lying in the roads between the shore and the Goodwin Sands. It was the last of a chain of signalling stations from the Admiralty in Whitehall.

With the coming of the telegraph the chain was no longer needed, and about 1862 the tower was put to a new use. It must have seemed a marvelous thing then that an electric current from Greenwich could release this huge ball, a hollow steel drum six feet across, at the very moment the clocks of London were striking one. Outside ships must have found it invaluable for setting their chronometers.

Now, in the Wireless Age, it seems less startling to us that Greenwich time can be picked up anywhere. Wireless has put the Time Ball out of business, and the Signalling Tower is pensioned off, its work done.

The Time Ball was raised by a wheel worked by hand a few minutes before the hour, and when the electric current released it its fall was broken by compressed air, a rubber cushion, and six strong spiral springs. All that has now been done for the last time, for the ball ceased to work recently.

## A Mechanical Thinker.

### French Inventor Solves Troubles of the Busy Executive

A mechanical thinker to remind office executives of their appointments and tasks, has been invented in France.

It stands on the business man's desk. As he makes a memorandum of an order appointment or idea to be executed at a certain time, he throws back a lever on the machine, to indicate the hour, day and month of the event. When the time comes, even if it is a year later, a light goes on and a bell rings.

The excellent books at the clock in the machine, notes the time it registers, runs down the memorandum sheet to the indicated time and reads his own instructions to himself.

The man who aims to be good in this world may take fire in the next.

No man or woman on earth really believes that the good die young.

## Planting and Pruning Roses

Written by J. B. Spencer for Ontario Horticultural Association

Fine roses in abundant quantity require a sunny position and a good garden soil. What are known as Hybrid Tea roses give the most continuous bloom throughout the summer, while the Hybrid Perpetuals, which are somewhat harder and stronger growing, give heavier crops at the end of June and early July and sometimes again in September. Every garden should have some climbing roses, of which there are many varieties. The Baby Ramblers, the kind one usually sees in pots at the Easter season, is growing in popularity for garden planting.

April or May is the best time to plant. This should be carefully done, giving plenty of room to the roots, which should be carefully spread out in a hole dug sufficiently deep to allow the bud-graft to rest about two inches below the surface when the rose is finally set.

It is well to sprinkle a handful or two of bonemeal in the bottom of the hole, working it into the soil. Ends of long roots and broken roots should be cut off with a sharp knife. The soil should be made very firm around a newly planted rose and soaked thoroughly with water. Hybrid Perpetuals should stand three feet apart. Hybrid Teas two feet, and Baby Ramblers about one and a half feet.

Mr. H. J. Moore, lecturer for the Ontario Horticultural Association, gives good advice on pruning newly planted and older roses. He says that April plantings should be properly pruned and planted, and if the roses were planted last fall the stems should be shortened somewhat this spring and proper pruning given.

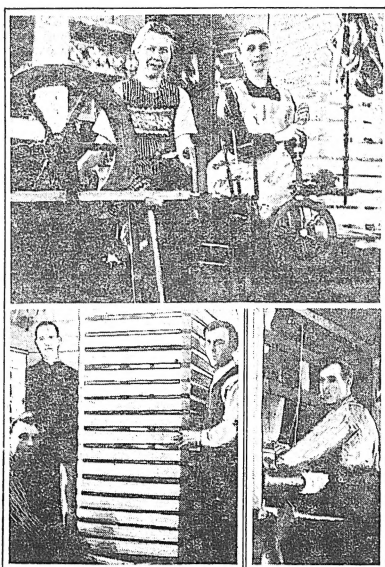
In all cases he recommends removing the dead and weakly growths, leaving in the case of Hybrid Teas three or four of the strongest, which should be shortened to about three inches above the graft, which is recognized as an enlargement just above the root.

In the case of Hybrid Perpetuals five or six strong shoots should remain and be shortened to six inches. These branches should be well spaced and the cutting should be done just above a bud that points upwards. The same general principle should be followed in pruning in subsequent years. Baby Ramblers will not require shortening but all the dead growth be cut away. For climbing roses, dead and weakly canes should be removed at the same time.

The silver fox will not breed unless kept on starvation rations during the winter.

A haunted house has shades instead of curtains.

## Old Trade Flourishes in New Land



An old trade flourishes in a new land. Hand loom weaving has been successfully introduced at Denzil, a small Saskatchewan town along the lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The keen enthusiasm in hand loom weaving at Denzil, and the general interest throughout Saskatchewan can be traced to the energy of Rev. Father John Schultz, and comes as the result of his recent visit to Great Britain, France, Germany, Belgium, Switzerland and Italy. He investigated hand weaving in each country, studied the art himself, and on his return installed the looms.

Father Schultz believes that the industry will foster home life in the rural districts, and will particularly encourage new settlers by providing them with a touch of the daily routine to which they were accustomed prior to their arrival in this country. Weaving is regarded as the nucleus around which other farm activities will prosper. This activity creates a demand for sheep raising, and hemp and flax growing. Another feature, and one highly regarded, is that weaving may be undertaken by members of farm families unable to earn on with the heavier duties of rural life.

# Canada Holds Leading Place As Best Country in World For Raising of Domestic Fowl

## The Seeding of Alfalfa

### Use Canadian Seed and Sow with a Nurse Crop

In starting an alfalfa field the use of hardy seed is an indispensable requisite to success. It is also much preferable to use Canadian grown seed because it is more likely than imported seed to be of adequate hardness. This point is stressed by F. S. Hopkins, Dominion Field Husbandman, in his latest report. He points out that the use of imported seed has been the cause of many failures in the growing of alfalfa. There is now a plentiful supply of Canadian seed easily procurable and therefore no necessity to use any other. His report, which may be obtained from the Publication Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, gives a great deal of information on alfalfa growing, the results of many years of investigation on the experimental farms. Mr. Hopkins states that it is a good practice to seed down alfalfa with a nurse crop. Oats may be used as a nurse crop, but in starting to grow alfalfa for the first time it is wiser to use barley or wheat. The rate of seeding these nurse crops should be reduced somewhat below that ordinarily used when the grain is seeded alone, for instance, barley may be seeded at the rate of 1 1/2 bushels per acre.

On all fields where alfalfa or sweet clover has not been previously grown, it is necessary to inoculate the seed as it is frequently the means of preventing partial or even total failure. The inoculating may be done by applying a culture to the seed or by applying the seed to be seeded about 200 pounds per acre of soil from a field on which alfalfa has already been grown.

At the Central Experimental Farm it has been found an economical plan of trying alfalfa to add about 6 pounds of the seed per acre to the regular seeding of the ordinary hay crop. By this added it is possible to learn without risk of serious loss whether alfalfa will grow satisfactorily on the particular field. If observation indicates that the crop is likely to prove a success the field may be seeded to alfalfa. Even in this case a few pounds of timothy or clover seed will be a satisfactory seeding for a field to be left in alfalfa being 15 pounds alfalfa, 3 pounds timothy and 2 pounds of alsike per acre. The timothy and alsike will appear only on spots where the alfalfa is killed, and will produce hay and check the growth of weeds which would otherwise grow in these places.

Representatives of thirty different countries will attend, and there will be one of the greatest displays of poultry ever assembled, in which it is believed Canada's part will not be insignificant. The delegates will be selected from the Executive Committee of the great International Congress of Western Europe. There will be, so to speak, in addition to the world's great experts in all lines of poultry breeding and in the production and marketing of poultry (live and dead), eggs, equipment and supplies. There will, therefore, be very much to interest all patriotic Canadians, whatever their profession or business.

## Puzzle For Executors

### Inventor of Stokes Gun Left Will That Is a Problem

Frederick Stokes, inventor of the Stokes gun, in his will filed at London, disposes of the residue of his estate in a novel manner. He leaves it "to the children of my brothers and sisters, roughly in inverse proportion to their year incomes, so that those requiring most assistance shall receive more than those who are better off; and the children of my wife's brothers and sisters, so that in the aggregate my relations shall receive twice as much as my wife's relations and so that the sum of the two distributions will form about three-fourths of the sum available for distribution."

Another clause states that the trustees shall have absolute power to interpret the will.

## Discover Colossal Statue

Part of a colossal statue, believed to be of a Roman emperor has been discovered at Eleusis, near Athens. Only the head and bust have been uncovered. The statue is of great height. According to the size of the head and bust, which have a total height of more than two and a half yards, the whole statue is about five and a half yards high.

## A Good Idea

"It is an excellent practice to carry money always in more than one pocket," says a writer in an exchange. This is a commendable idea, fellows. Carry plenty of money at all times in every pocket. Nothing is a sure guarantee against embarrassment than twelve or fourteen pockets full of money.

It has been claimed that 2,000 tons of dust per square mile were recently deposited in the vicinity of Loran, Wyoming.

With the exception of trouble the more the average man has the more he wants.

Why is Canada the best country in the world in which to raise domestic fowl of all kinds? This is the question that all thousands of people, who do not live in the Dominion, are asking themselves. They have been led to propound this query because of the magnificent display of birds made by Canada at the World's Poultry Congress in Spain in 1924, and also because of the fact that Canada holds the world's egg-production records both for a pen of ten hens and for an individual hen. As a consequence they will gather in Ottawa for the third World's Poultry Congress from July 27 to August 4, 1927.

A good many Canadians may feel that because they do not know one breed of poultry from another they have no interest in this gathering, but, if so, they miss both its national and personal significance. In Europe, particularly in Great Britain, the advancement in poultry breeding is largely due to the personal and financial assistance given by leading citizens. His Majesty King George and the Prince of Wales (both of whom will have exhibits at Ottawa) are amongst the outstanding poultry breeders in the Empire, and their example is followed by hundreds whose purpose is patriotic and philanthropic—persons who are interested in birds because they are more keenly interested in men. It is expected that the Congress in Ottawa will be attended by about seven thousand delegates from outside Canada, hundreds of whom come with the idea of seeing whether a country which produces such fine poultry would not be a good place for men and women from overcrowded agricultural areas of Europe. The more citizens from different parts of Canada there are at the Congress the more likely the outside delegates will be to learn something of the different provinces and to take back with them an adequate conception of what the Dominion has to offer.

The Congress will include also many specialists of international reputation in biology, genetics, pathology, zoology, etc., from all the countries of Europe. There will be a large number of British agricultural county agents, and the representatives of the great importing houses of Western Europe. There will be, so to speak, in addition to the world's great experts in all lines of poultry breeding and in the production and marketing of poultry (live and dead), eggs, equipment and supplies. There will, therefore, be very much to interest all patriotic Canadians, whatever their profession or business.

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The congress officers are: President, Mr. Edward Brown, London, England; Director, Mr. F. C. Elford, Dominion Poultry Husbandman; secretary, Mr. Ernest Rhodes, Transportation Building, Ottawa.

## Value of Prairie Crops

### In 1925 Exceeded World's Gold Output by 270 Million Dollars

The prairie provinces of Canada are richer in their output of wheat and other crops than all the gold mines of the world, according to the National Resources Intelligence Service, of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa. The value of these crops exceeding the total gold output by 270 million dollars. The field crops of the three western provinces were valued at 600 million dollars (1925), while the world's gold output was but 290 million dollars.

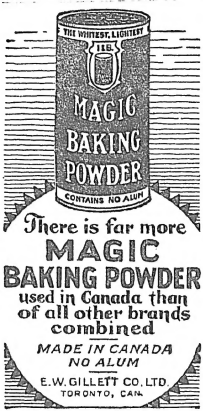
Split infinitives have been vindicated by a noted grammarian, George Oliver Curme, New Haven University professor. He says the divided verb form has been used for centuries by the best writers.

"You must be growing tired of me," said Mr. Newby. "You never call me dear," as other men's wives do. "To them!" the demanded suspiciously.

Jerry—Do you think I'm a perfect idiot?  
Jean—No, nobody is perfect.

"As a man thinks, so he is; therefore, some people never are."





**MAGIC BAKING POWDER**  
There is far more MAGIC BAKING POWDER used in Canada than of all other brands combined  
MADE IN CANADA  
E.W. GILLET CO. LTD.  
TORONTO, CAN.

**WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD**

During last year nearly 17,000 lbs. of letter mails were sent out of Britain by air, an increase of about 8 per cent. on the previous year.

W. H. Thorne, Alberta, was re-elected president of the Canadian Percheron Horse Breeders' Association.

Illit stills have been quite numerous in Ontario. During the past three years a single customer and cycles preventive officer has made about 26 stills.

The bill restricting polygamy which is shortly to come before the Egyptian chamber is encountering strong opposition among Moslems, says a Cairo despatch to the Daily Mail.

A government bill is to be introduced in the House of Commons to reduce the postage tax on Canadian daily and weekly newspapers from one and one-half cents to one cent.

A British proposal to extend army limitation to trained reserves was rejected as impracticable by the delegates of France, Japan and Belgium at the preparatory commission for a disarmament conference.

Archbishop Enard for the past five years head of the Roman Catholic diocese of Ottawa is dead. The aged prelate succumbed to a severe intestinal disorder which he had suffered for a great time.

A Household Medicine. They that are acquainted with the sterling properties of Dr. Thomas' Eucalypti Oil in the treatment of many ailments would not be without it in the house. It is truly a household medicine and as it is effective in dealing with many ordinary complaints it is an inexpensive medicine. So, keep it at hand, as the call for it may come most unexpectedly.

A field rat has been known to hold in its jaws a weight 2,000 times heavier than itself.

Minard's Liniment soothes tired feet.

Snakes are being raised for commercial purposes, in large concrete pits, by a Los Angeles man.

When a man is unable to choose between two evils he usually turns up a third.

**Women, Here are Facts!**



1571

A Smart Daytime Dress

Charmingly simple is the smart dress shown here and a style easily fashioned by the home modiste. There is an inverted plait at each side of the front panel and the back is in one piece. The long, rolling collar and vest of contrasting material give a modish waistcoat effect and the long, dainty sleeves are finished with striped cuffs. A belt fastens at the side seams and ties in a chic bow at the back. No. 1571 is in sizes 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48 inches bust. Size 40 requires 2 1/2 yards 29-inch material, or 2 3/4 yards 34-inch, and 1 1/2 yards 26 or 28-inch contrasting material (for contrast). Price 29 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 19 cents the copy.

**How To Order Patterns**

Address—Winifred Newspaper Union, 375 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

**Innovation At Prague Fair**  
Popcorn Was Something Entirely New to Czech-Slovakians  
Popcorn popped over glowing wood-coals drenched with melted butter and served hot in a specially Czech-Slovakian was the central feature of the Spring Sample Fair.  
Popcorn has never before been seen in this country. The popping is superintended by Elbert Baldeva, American commercial attaché, who also introduced at the fair exhibits of numerous other novel products among which are listed a folding bed, automatic extinguishers, novel automobile parts, road novelties and a tiny two- and one-half horse-power motor which a child can carry.  
Goods from all European countries are shown at this exposition.

**Three Necessary Books**  
Negro Preacher Did Not Overlook the Most Important  
A negro preacher walked into the office of a newspaper in Rocky Mount, North Carolina, and said: "Mister Editor, I'm forty-three of my congregation which subscribe to 'you' paper. Do that entitle me to have a church notice in 'you' Saturday issue?" "Sit down and write," said the editor. "I thank you," said the pastor. The minister wrote, "Mount Memorial Baptist Church, the Rev. John Walker, pastor. Preaching morning and evening. In the pulpit of the gospel, three books are necessary. The Bible, the hymn book, and the pocketbook. Come tomorrow and bring all three." — The Christian Register.

**BABY'S HEALTH IN THE SPRING**

**Can Best be Guarded With Baby's Own Tablets**  
The Spring is a time of anxiety to mothers who have little ones in the home. Conditions make it necessary to keep the baby indoors. He is often confined to overheated, badly ventilated rooms and catches colds which mark his whole system. To guard against this a box of Baby's Own Tablets should be kept in the home and an occasional dose given the baby to keep his stomach and bowels working regularly. This will prevent colds, constipation or colic and keep baby well. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



**Winnipeg Newspaper Union Fashion**



1571

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Charmingly simple is the smart dress shown here and a style easily fashioned by the home modiste. There is an inverted plait at each side of the front panel and the back is in one piece. The long, rolling collar and vest of contrasting material give a modish waistcoat effect and the long, dainty sleeves are finished with striped cuffs. A belt fastens at the side seams and ties in a chic bow at the back. No. 1571 is in sizes 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48 inches bust. Size 40 requires 2 1/2 yards 29-inch material, or 2 3/4 yards 34-inch, and 1 1/2 yards 26 or 28-inch contrasting material (for contrast). Price 29 cents the pattern.

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**How To Order Patterns**

Address—Winifred Newspaper Union, 375 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....



**When You Tint Use Real Dyes!**

When tinting dainty underwear, silk stockings, or any fine fabrics use *true dyes*. That's the only way you can get the same beautiful, soft shades materials have when new.  
Tint some pieces tonight, with real Diamond dye—you'll see the difference! No one will detect they were tinted at home. And you can rest easy with just as perfect results if you will just use the true Diamond dyes.  
FREE! for every ask your druggist for the very useful Diamond Dye Encyclopedia? Valuable suggestions, easy directions, and piece-goods sample colors. Or write for free copy of Color Craft, a big illustrated book sent post-paid—address: DIAMOND DYES, Dept. N15, Windsor, Ontario.

**Diamond Dyes**  
Make it NEW for 15 cts!

**Will Attempt Flight Over Mount Everest**

Airman Holding French Height Record Will Use Special "Plane"

Jean Gallizo, the French airman who holds the French height record of 18,811 feet, made in France last August, has sailed for India with a special aeroplane to attempt to fly over Mount Everest.

M. Gallizo has obtained the permission of the British Indian authorities to start from land in British territory and the assistance of one of the British air force is also promised. He will take the plane out with him by sea and fly from Bombay to Simla, from where he will attempt the flight over the world's biggest mountain, which towers 29,002 feet over the Indian plain.

M. Gallizo is taking with him a photographer and will make a special effort to obtain photographs of the unexplored top of the mountain which will serve as a guide for any future attempt like the Bruce expedition to reach the summit on foot. He expects to make the flight about the end of May or the beginning of June.

**They Are Undoubtedly Women's Best Friend**

**Dodd's Kidney Pills Have Relieved Thousands of Canadian Women Sufferers**

Saskatchewan Woman Advises All Kidney Sufferers to Use Dodd's Kidney Pills.  
Hemlock, Sask. (Special) — "I must say that the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills have done me much good," writes Mrs. T. S. Reeves, who lives at this place. "I also got some Dodd's Kidney Pills and sent a sister in law of mine who was unable to get them. She also found a great relief after having suffered with backache for a long time."  
It is statements like this that have built up and maintained the reputation of Dodd's Kidney Pills held today as the old Canadian kidney remedy. Dodd's Kidney Pills have become a family remedy all over the Province because people have tried them and found them good. They are purely and simply a kidney remedy. They help Rheumatism, Lumbago, Back Pain, Heart Disease and urinary troubles because all of these are either kidney disease, or are caused by the kidney's failing to do their work.  
Obtainable from all druggists, or The Dodd's Medicine Co., Ltd., Toronto.

**Received Special Training**

Model Farm Men From British Isles Come to Canada

Anxious to improve their land at Hull, recently were 111 single men who had been trained on a model farm in the British Isles to prepare them for agricultural life in Canada.  
Each of the men had been given two pounds to see them through the first few days in the Dominion. It was discovered, however, that newcomers had spent the money before embarking and they were held by emigration authorities. The difficulty was solved when the British Government cabled the necessary funds to make up the shortage. In future the money will be given to the immigrants when they land.

In the last four years, motor vehicles in operation in this country increased 85 per cent.

A train of thought should not be allowed to run wild.

A man seldom walks erect when straightened by circumstance.

For distemper — Minard's Liniment.

**Foreign Settlers**

(By C. W. Peterson)

The great plant wizard, Luther Burbank, known in every civilization the world over, shortly before he died, wrote the following inspiring and beautiful words bearing on the "melting pot" issue in the United States: "There is no more interesting example of the parallel between nature's processes in plant life and in human life than is to be found in our own American. In this great garden she has cross-pollinated races and tribes and the people of every nation. The result has been a wholesale production of hybrid seedlings presenting every conceivable phase of variation. Some of these crosses have turned out badly, and society has discarded the worst of them and discarded them, others that are none too useful are still growing like weeds; but from the whole lot have sprung such new and striking and useful individual plants as Henry Ford, Theodore Roosevelt, John Riss, Joseph Pulitzer and hundreds more. In fact, there are very few Americans whose recent ancestors have not bled from the family name blood, of a people other than English. We are crosses within the last few generations from every nation under the sun, and our variations have produced wide differences in capacity and ability, and a very bonnet of geniuses and original thinkers."  
His words, are not only inspiring, but positively true. The contribution of foreign born men and women towards the civilization, culture and material advancement of Canada and the United States, has been of a human character. Those who pretend to see a menace in the judicious admixture to the fibres of this continent of non-English speaking races should seriously ponder upon this new light on an old subject.

There has always been a distinct tendency in Canada to make a social issue out of the immigration question. Patriotic societies, not in possession of all the facts, applaud the "closed door" principle and usually the presence of the foreigner in our midst is to a social menace. This attitude of mind was naturally intensified by the great war of emigration created by the Great War. The people of Eastern Canada know the foreigner chiefly by his well-advertised, petty crime record. They base their estimate of his worth as a citizen upon the unkindling spectacles daily before the eyes of residents of our industrial centres, of a congested slum population drawn largely from the submerged classes in Southern European cities. This is what the "foreigner" stands for in their estimation, and a disgusting picture it is, not perhaps particularly creditable to our great cities who tolerate it.

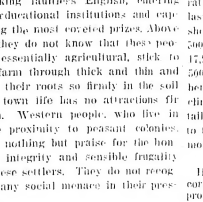
These well-intentioned, if ill informed, errors, know nothing whatever about the splendid record of performance of the real peasant settlements on the prairies. They have no sense in contact with the dogged perseverance, hard labor and frugal standard of living of these excellent people during years of stress. They have not seen the well tilled, smiling fields and neat village settlements planted on our prairies, wrought out of their own unaided labor. They do not hear about the second generation, speaking faultless English, entering our educational institutions and carrying the name of their fathers. They do not know that they see people, essentially agricultural, stick to the farm through thick and thin and have their roots so firmly in the soil that town life has no attractions for them. Western people, who live in close proximity to peasant colonies, have nothing but praise for the honesty, integrity and sensible frugality of these settlers. They do not recognize any social menace in their presence.

**Best Seller in China**  
The Bible is still the best seller in China notwithstanding the spread of the power of the Nationalists, who are on friendly terms with Russian bolsheviks. The British and Foreign Bible Society sold more than four million Bibles in China last year.

**Could Not Sleep Heart and Nerves Were So Bad**

Mr. Geo. Meek, Windsor, Ont., writes: "I suffered with my heart and nerves and could not sleep at night for some time. I managed to get some sleep at night, but I began to have dizzy spells which got so bad I could not get up by myself. I was afraid to go out any place, for very often I would stagger on my feet, and even on the stairs I would fall back and fall away. While I was home sick a friend told me to take a box of your pills and by the time I got four boxes and by the time I had used them the pains and noises in my head ceased and I was able to get a good night's rest. Although that was six years ago I have never been troubled with that complaint again."

Price 50c, a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.



**MILBURN'S HEART NERVE PILLS**

**You Must Have Strength Endurance and Courage**

Mr. W. B. Townner, New York, writes: "Never have I felt better in my life than since taking CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. I find they keep my bowels active; headaches and indigestion never bother me now. I enjoy my sleep and get up refreshed, ready for a hard day's work."  
Millions all over the world have found this doctor's prescription a relief for every ailment. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, the purely vegetable laxative, are small, easy to swallow and move the bowels in a gentle manner free from pain. They are not habit forming and do not contain Calomel, Mercury or poisonous drugs. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS in red packages, 25c, and 50c. Try them tonight! Tomorrow refreshed. All druggists.

**SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON**  
APRIL 16

**PETER'S LESSON IN TRUST**

Golden Text: Be of good cheer; it is I, be not afraid. — Matthew 14:27.  
Lesson: Matthew 14:22-32.  
Devotional Reading: Psalm 91:1-10.

**Explanations and Comments**

1. Peter Sees the Power of Jesus.  
Peter, the first of the twelve, was the first of the disciples who was baptized with the desire of the multitude to make Jesus King, and were led to leave the spot until he was restrained. He made them enter the boat and cross to the other side of the Sea of Galilee while he remained behind to disperse the crowd. When the crowd had departed, Jesus went up the mountain to pray. John tells us that Jesus, perceiving that they were about to come and take him by force to make him king, withdrew again to the mountain himself alone. — John 6:12.

"Jesus was not always going about doing good. He could not; no man can. There comes a time when the doing is worthless and fruitless. No, Jesus was often away getting power, going to the Father, and the Father enabled Him and inspired Him to do good. Sometimes He sent the multitude away, sometimes He went away to the multitude. He went away, of course, in order to return, but he went, that is the point. He left the plain that in the mountain the drained powers might be renewed and recharged for use in refreshing the plain again." — Alexander McGiffin.

"I watch the Master take His way. For in the moment of break of day, His nature's quietude to pray; And as I seem to see Him there, I hear, with all my heart of care, 'He calls thee to the mount of prayer.'"

— John R. Clements.

And when even was come, He was alone.

"When God speaks he likes no other voice to break the stillness but His own, hence the place that has always been given to solitude in all true religious life. It can be overdone, but it can be grossly underdone. And there is no human way worth mentioning on days like ours than this: when God wants to speak to a man He wants that man to be alone."

— Henry Drummond.

**The Increasing U.S. Population**

Population Increases About 13,000,000 in Seven Year Period

On July 1 next it is the estimate of the census bureau that the population of the United States will be 118,258,000. This will represent an increase over the 1920 census returns of a little short of 13,000,000. Next July 1 will be just three-quarters of the current decade, and if the same rate of increase be assumed for the last quarter, the census of 1930 should register a population of 123,000,000. Since the census of 1920 of 123,000,000, I will be greater by 2,500,000 than the gain in population between 1910 and 1920 in face of a declining birthrate and the sharp curtailment of immigration. As an offset to these two factors is the decline in mortality statistics.

Holladay's Corn Brooder takes the corn out by the roots. Try it and prove it.

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**Makes Breathing Easy**

The constriction of the air passages and the struggle for breath, too familiar evidence of asthmatic trouble, cannot be cured by the use of any medicine. This is the famous remedy which is known far and wide for its relief of the asthmatic even under the very severest conditions. It is no untried, experimental preparation, but one with many years of strong service behind it. Buy it from your nearest dealer.

Loudspeaker — "Bang! Crash! Help! Murder! Police! Help!"

Radio Fan — "Hooray! I've got Chicago."

When a man falls into an error he is likely to be more or less injured in his descent.

Going fishing—take Minard's Liniment.

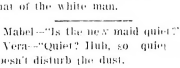
**Would Abolish Submarines**

British merchant shipping circles have taken advantage of naval disarmament discussion to revive their campaign for the abolition of the submarine. The United States has more than any other country, with 121 built and seven projected.

The Maoris of New Zealand during the last 60 years have emerged from cannibalism to a civilization equalling that of the white man.

Mabel—"Is the new maid quiet?"

Vera—"Quiet? Huh, so quiet she doesn't disturb the dust."



**Engjerman and Benefit!**

While you are enjoying Wrigley's, you are getting benefit as well.

After every meal

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## REDUCTION IN C.N.R. ESTIMATES FOR THIS YEAR

Ottawa.—The report of the Canadian National Railways for 1926, and main estimates totalling \$22,500,000 for the system covering the fiscal year 1927-28, were approved by the special committee on national railways and shipping, of the House of Commons. Estimates for the ensuing financial year represent a decrease of \$8,500,000 as compared with the fiscal year 1926-27. Of this sum, \$17,500,000 is to be spent on general additions and betterments. The balance of the amount is to be expended for contingencies, such as wars and other emergencies.

Sir Henry Thornton, president of the C.N.R., under examination, informed the committee that the wage settlement of December last with conductors and trainmen would cost the system between \$5,000,000 and \$6,000,000 in 1927. This reduction included increases to various other trades within the railways arising as a consequence of the wage agreement.

"I do not begrudge recognition to the employees," commented Sir Henry. "It has been said that elections do not succeed by prayer alone, and in the railway business the same was something tangible was expected in return for good and satisfactory work."

Sir Henry was also of the opinion that "with the zeal, energy and spirit of the employees," the National Railways would again show a "satisfactory increase" in net earnings in 1927. If favorable conditions continued on their present scale and there was no reduction in freight rates.

It should be remembered, remarked Sir Henry, that the road had increased its net earnings from \$2,000,000 in 1922 to \$4,800,000 in 1926. This increase in four years was considerable and was "largely due to the financial of the men which was the first step of the road to have a better opportunity of judging than I have."

## Refuse Passport To Communist Leader

Garden Cannot Attend Parley at Canton Says Australian Government  
Sydney, Australia.—The Australian Government has refused a passport to the well-known Communist leader, James G. Garden, and three colleagues to attend the Pan-Pacific Trade Union Congress at Canton.

The Government's action has caused a great stir at Labor circles, and the extremists are trying to whip up the labor bodies and the state labor government in a concerted protest.

As it is the intention to discuss peace in the Pacific from the extreme viewpoint of present conditions in China, this is being taken as the reason for the official refusal to grant the passports.

## Depends On New Postage

No Increase in Postmasters' Salaries or Commissions This Year

Ottawa.—"We have arranged that there will be no increase this year as compared to last year in the amount of money awarded to postmasters either as salary or commission. We understand that postmasters have been looking forward to an increase, but we are not in a position to make any definite announcement in this regard until after the expiration of one full financial year's operation under the penny postage system," said Hon. P. J. Verner, postmaster-general, addressing the sixth convention of the Canadian Postmasters' Association at the closing session.

## Has Abolished Prohibition

Osta.—The assembly has passed the bill abolishing prohibition in Norway, pursuant to the vote recorded in the recent referendum. The new regulations are expected to become effective this month.

## Thrown Out

Ottawa.—The private bill committee of the House of Commons threw out an act to incorporate the "Chion and Islands International Bridge Corporation."

Trying to Negotiate Peace Pact  
Warsaw, Poland.—Soviet Russia and Poland are still trying to negotiate a non-aggressive pact to guarantee peace through arbitration in case of differences.

## Betting Bill Defeated

London.—An attempt to introduce a bill in the House of Commons to legalize betting was defeated by a vote of 116 to 15.

W. N. C. 162

## Matter of Defence Left With Government

Canada Not Bound in Any Way Says Premier King

Ottawa.—"In no way has this Parliament been bound by decisions made by the Imperial Conference," declared Premier King, in the House of Commons, when he reviewed the reports adopted at the Conference, in London. Referring to the question of defence, Premier King declared that no commitments had been made on behalf of Canada, with respect to defence, and no request had been made on behalf of the British Government in the matter. It was for each Dominion, through its own government and parliament, to decide.

"It is for this Parliament to take into account Canada will take in all matters pertaining to defence," said the Premier.

## Spanish-South American Air Service Planned

Will be Started if German Government Finances Completion of Airline

Berlin.—Airdrop service between Spain and South America, starting within 18 months, is predicted by Hugo Eckener, Zeppelin expert, provided the German Government furnishes the remaining 2,000,000 marks necessary for the completion of the flight to South America which is being built in Germany.

Similar agreements are expected to be negotiated with the Argentine and other South American governments. It is planned at first to make a round trip to South America every three weeks, carrying a 15-ton cargo consisting mostly of mails but including some passengers. It is estimated that the flight to South America will require from 15 to 30 hours.

## Many Claimants to Millions

Dutch Merchant's Fortune Has Drawn Interest For 200 Years

Amsterdam, Australia.—A fortune of \$500,000,000 which has been accruing at interest for 200 years, is to be subject of issue in the courts, according to claims that are now being filed here.

Edward Webber, merchant prince of Holland in the days when the Dutch flag was supreme in the world of commerce, died in New York leaving an estate with bequeathing an enormous sum to his seventh generation, claimants assert.

The fortune, which has now grown to \$500,000,000, may create at least 150 Australian millionaires for more than that number in the city of Adelaide alone claim a share.

The claimants are calling a meeting to discuss the matter.

## Pensions Act

No Further Amendments to be Made to the Present Act

Ottawa.—"The Government does not intend to extend the present provisions of the pension act by further amendments this year," stated Hon. J. H. King, Minister of Health and Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment, in the House. The present pension legislation, said Dr. King, provides pensions for all disabilities "attributed to or incurred during military service," or "disabilities resulting from injuries sustained in the service of the government or the armed forces of the country." No ex-soldier who was so disabled was denied a pension, but responsibility could not be accepted for those whose disabilities were not related to war service.

## Gain in Employment

Ottawa.—There was a moderate gain in employment at the beginning of March, the upward movement being rather more extensive than in earlier years recorded. The largest increases took place in manufacturing and construction, while logging, mining and trade were seasonally slack.

## Is Made An Indian Chief

Victoria, B.C.—The Eyrelands Lord Willington, Governor General of Canada, is now Chief Gotschman, or Chief Halloway, of the Vancouver Island Indian tribes, having been initiated here in one of the most picturesque and colorful ceremonies ever witnessed in this city.

## Pensioning Bill Passes

Ottawa.—Third readings have been given in the Senate to the bill authorizing the House of Commons to provide for the retirement and pensioning of Supreme Court judges at the age of 75 and for the creation of an additional judge on the Supreme Court bench.

## Lower Duty on Livestock

Western Stock Growers Are Asking For Relief

Calgary.—"Urging the Dominion to take all available measures to obtain relief from United States duty on livestock entering that country, the Western Stock Growers' Association addressed a resolution to the Federal Government. Another resolution pointed out the necessity for keeping grain and screenings in Canada and prohibiting export of this commodity to the United States. A petition will be submitted to railways asking reduction of rates on horses to an equality with cattle. The Alberta Government was asked for an appropriation for experiments with grazing rotation and rehabilitation of native grasses. Dr. S. E. Tomin told the convention that farmers are losing ten million dollars a year marketing beef of poor quality, and urged establishment of beef grading to better this condition.

## FOREIGNERS ARE FLEEING FROM INTERIOR CHINA

Shanghai.—With another general strike in the offing and with Shanghai the centre of a continued flight of foreigners from the interior, the defence authorities here made further preparations to protect the international settlement.

A barbed wire barrier now is being constructed along the entire length of the Avenue Edward VII, between the French concession and the international settlement. The Suffolk Regiment also was assigned to guard the offices of the cable companies situated in the Avenue.

The date of the new general strike, which has been decided upon by the general labor union, will be fixed later. There are about 20,000 militant workers still out from the last strike.

Meanwhile, the Japanese naval authorities warned the Cantonese that the Japanese navy will hereafter take drastic steps in the event of unlawful actions by Nationalist soldiers or in the event of firing on Japanese steamers without good cause.

Reports continue of firing on foreign vessels in the Yangtze by Nationalist soldiers on either side of the river. Two British steamers leaving Hankow, which has again become the centre of anti-foreign activities, were fired on. The American destroyer, John D. Ford, which recently came from Manila, was fired on when passing Shanghai and Nanking. The destroyer brought its four-inch guns and machine guns into action in reply.

Disquieting reports have been coming from Hankow, scene of anti-foreign disorders some time ago. Advice from a Japanese source in that city said that soldiers in civilian clothes, rifles and labor tickets were overrunning the city and that the Japanese women and children there would embark on the first available steamer.

Although the great majority of missionaries in the interior of China are now en route for Shanghai, or planning to start soon, about 100 are refusing to leave their posts in the Yangtze Valley, despite the advice of authorities.

## Trappers Overtake Swift Deer



Many tales have drifted down from the north of old and new times of trappers and captured wolves, deer and other swift-footed inhabitants of the forests of Ontario and Quebec. Readers of such have often been skeptical but the above photograph, taken only a short distance from the Canadian Pacific line in the Laurentian Mountains, proves that such a thing is possible, in the case of deer at least. Heavy snow, as can be seen, accounts for this and in the pictures above several trappers on snowshoes have succeeded in capturing two animals in question. The deer looking placidly into the camera was no doubt caught only after an exhausting chase through the deep drifts. The little doe then seems to be just an animal for the trapper, but doubtless he admired in a short time by thousands of people in some city. Trappers in the northern sections of Ontario and Quebec have saved many of these young animals from death by freezing them from heavy drifts of snow, and thus keeping them from packs of hungry wolves.

## AMENDMENTS TO GRAIN ACT ARE BEFORE HOUSE

Ottawa.—Amendments to the Canadian Grain Act, proposed by the board of grain commissioners, were tabled in the House of Commons, along with correspondence between the Minister of Trade and Commerce and the commission.

On February 5, the minister wrote to the commission asking for suggestions of amendments. On February 7, Leslie H. Boyd, chief commissioner, replied, setting forth the proposals. He stated that the board believed the provisions of the drafted amendments would give the former the same privileges as the "Campbell bill," which was before the Commons last session. The commission's proposals, however, defined the conditions under which grain might be delivered to a country if the farmer desired to take delivery of the same and ship it to any specific elevator or point.

The drafted amendments covered the duties of country elevators. While the present grain act limits liabilities as to weights and grades, the commission's proposal covers these two important points and gives the board power to make regulations covering the method of drawing samples. The board, too, could investigate disputes regarding grades and weights. In his letter, Mr. Boyd states that he believes the proposals to be fair and reasonable to all parties.

## Manitoba Liberal Leader

Judge Hugh A. Robson Elected to Success Hon. T. C. Norris

Winnipeg.—Judge Hugh A. Robson, K.C., prominent in the public life of the West for many years, is the new leader of the provincial Liberal party. He was elected to succeed Hon. T. C. Norris, who tendered his resignation a year ago, at a party convention held here.

Judge Robson was elected from a slate of several nominees, including Fred C. Hamilton, former president of the provincial Liberal Association. Mr. Norris who is the leader of the Liberal group in the Legislature, was nominated, but withdrew his name.

Judge Robson, who was born in Barrow-in-Furness, England, in 1871, came to Canada in 1887, and is a pioneer resident of Winnipeg.

## Death of Sir Charles Tupper

Was One of Canada's Most Distinguished Elder Statesmen

Winnipeg.—Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, K.C.M.G., K.C.L.I., died at his home here following an attack of pneumonia which had confined him to his home for nearly two weeks. Sir Charles was one of Canada's most distinguished statesmen. He was born in Amherst, N.S., in 1855 the son of the late Right Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, at one time prime minister of the Dominion.

Salt For Dyspepsia

Washington.—Common salt is as effective as any other remedy for dyspepsia, according to reports of research of the University of Melbourne, Australia, recently received here. Dr. E. A. Apperly has found that common salt helps certain types of plain dyspepsia.

## Attained Terrific Speed

Major Seagrave Drives Car 203 Miles Per Hour

New York.—Major Seagrave's record of 203.228 miles an hour at Dayton Beach marked the nearest approach to the highest speed man has attained, 278 miles an hour, in an airplane. This air record was set by Florence Bennett, of France, in December, 1921. The fastest mark by rail was that set by an engine in a five mile run from Fleming to Jacksonville, Fla., in 1903, by attaining an average of 120 miles an hour.

On the water, Miss Detroit, in 1920, at Lake George, set a record of 77.50 miles an hour for speed boats, while on the Solent, England, the Maple Leaf II, made 59 miles an hour in 1921.

The record of the Cunard line, Mauretania, is 27.04 knots, while that of the Leviathan is 28.04.

## British Will Protect Colony of Hong Kong

Have No Intention of Diminishing Rights of Authority

Hong Kong.—The British government will give full protection to the colony of Hong Kong and the leased territories on the mainland during the civil warfare in China, according to assurances given by the local secretary of state.

The secretary's communication said the government has no intention of surrendering Hong Kong or abandoning or diminishing in any way British rights or authority in any part of the territories under its administration.

## Increase in Taxable Value of Property

Statistics Show Figures Higher for Period From 1919 to 1925

Ottawa.—An increase of \$1,263,772.58 in the total taxable value of real property in Canada is shown for the year 1925 as compared with 1919, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The total value of taxable property in the Dominion was \$7,331,755,525 in the year under review as against \$6,067,982,919 in 1919.

Personal property, which is only taxed in certain provinces, increased from \$52,938,719 in 1919 to \$56,452,451 in 1925.

## Harvesters From Oxford

University Students Plan to Help Canadian Harvest This Year

Oxford.—Oxford University students are planning to help harvest the Canadian wheat crop next summer. Parties of students are being recruited under the joint auspices of the Canadian government and a Canadian railway. They will sail in July for Montreal and will work on Ontario farms until the middle of August, moving on later to Manitoba and returning to England for the reopening of college in October.

## THE EQUALITY OF STATUS BINDING BRITISH EMPIRE

Ottawa.—Hon. Ernest Lapointe, Minister of Justice and chairman of the Imperial Conference committee on treaty-making powers, continued the House debate on the Imperial Conference. Mr. Lapointe was emphatic that the Imperial conference of 1926 had no authority to change the basis of the British North America Act or any constitution of the Empire. What the conference did, Mr. Lapointe explained, was to crystallize the principle of equality of status, which was already recognized and which was the logical outcome of the development of the various nations. It published a doctrine, clear and official adherence to that principle. It did that in such a way as to make it the greatest contribution to the permanency of the free association of the nations of the Empire. It is the final and unequivocal acceptance of the principle of unity and liberty, unity preserved and enshrined in the British throne and liberty in all domestic and external activities of the various nations of the commonwealth. It is no longer the case of

"A daughter and I in my mother's house, but a mistress in my own."

"The family is a family of sisters equal in their rights and activities." And, concluding his speech, Mr. Lapointe declared, to rounds of Liberal applause, that the principles underlying the pact would illustrate the way to peace, progress and national good.

## POWERS WILL MAKE DEMAND FOR REPARATION

London.—Great Britain is contemplating making certain demands of the Chinese Nationalist authorities in connection with the anti-foreign outrages at Nanking but it was not known whether these demands would be made separately or in conjunction with other powers. It is understood here that the British demand an apology and reparation for the Nanking affair as well as punishment of the guilty persons and guarantees against the repetition of such outbreaks.

Exchanges are said to be in progress between various capitals on the subject of concerted representations by the foreign powers involved in the Chinese situation. The British government is known to be reluctant to act separately, considering the case one suited for united action by the powers.

The delay in delivery of the note to the Chinese authorities is taken to indicate that some difficulty is being encountered in securing the assent of other governments to joint action. The British press and public are displaying keen anxiety for Great Britain and the United States to move together in whatever action is taken.

## Slave Expedition Attacked By Burmese

Natives Kill One British Officer and Two Men

Rangoon, Burmah.—Disaster has befallen one of two slave emancipation expeditions operating in the Kachin Hill country of North Burmah. Captain West of the British Army and two members of his expedition were killed in an attack by natives. Three others were wounded and an interpreter is missing. Reinforcements of military police were sent to the district. Communication in the region is possible only by means of the helicopter and had visibility prevented details from reaching here.

In the Hukon Valley, lying between the two areas in which the two above expeditions are working, about 1,000 slaves were freed last year, the government paying compensation to the owners.

## India Not Ready For Self-Government

Is Incompetent to Work Out Destiny Says Lord Birkenhead

London.—The Earl of Birkenhead, secretary for India, in the House of Lords in substance that India is not competent to work out her own destiny while the antagonism between Moslems and Hindus continues. His declaration was made during debate over the advisability of granting India a greater measure of self-government. Lord Birkenhead told the House that the general political outlook for India is promising and he has seen signs of co-operation between the British and the natives. He remarked, however, that if the agitators recently imprisoned for sedition were released a recurrence of disorders could be expected.

## New English Auto Rules

London.—Disastrous alterations in automobile regulations are proposed in a new Government bill. No speed limit is fixed, but Parliament will be asked to decide between no limit and a fixed limit. A new offence, "careless driving," is created. Drivers must declare that they are physically fit to drive and instructors will be compulsory for all motor vehicles.

## Bill Given Third Reading

Ottawa.—The Government's final credits bill was given third reading in the Senate after the Upper House had amended it with the same provisions that it had insisted upon last year. The bill is known as "An act to establish in Canada a system of long term mortgage credits for farmers."

## Leaving For Australia

Ottawa.—Hon. Ernest Lapointe, Minister of Justice, leaves Thursday night for Vancouver where he will embark for Australia on April 6. Mr. Lapointe will represent Canada at the opening of the Australian Parliament buildings at Canberra on May the 9th.

## Votes As Free Man

Victoria, B.C.—Exercising the privilege granted him as Victoria's first free man, Viscount Willington cast a vote on a bill by-law here, said to be the first time in the history of Canada that a governor-general has cast a ballot in municipal affairs.

## Strawberry Fertilization

Effect of Nitrogenous Fertilizer Applied at Different Times During Life of Plantation

Final results of experiments conducted by the horticultural division of the Dominion Experimental Farm in strawberry fertilization are given in the report for 1925 of the Dominion Horticulturist, which can now be had free on application to the Publication Branch, Ottawa. The results consist of the effect of nitrogenous fertilizer applications made at different times during the life of the plantation. The plots experimented with consisted of three fifteen-foot rows on soil of high fertility. Each treatment or series, of which there were seven, was replicated three times, so that the yields recorded are from four widely separated plots of the same treatment. The series included: not nitrated, nitrated at planting, nitrated one month after planting, nitrated August 15, nitrated September 15 only, nitrated September 15 and before bloom, nitrated September 15 and in full bloom.

The highest yielding series was the one receiving all nitrates on September 15 and again just before bloom in the spring. There was, however, the report indicates, a noticeable increase due to the September application and an increase in all the nitrated series, which became progressively more marked as the application approached the fruit bud-forming period. It is added that the early spring application, even on soil of high fertility, has a tendency to cause increase in size of fruit, which accounts for the slightly greater yield shown in the tabular statement of the report in the series September 15 and before bloom.

Summarizing results as reported in 1924 and 1925 the Dominion Horticulturist says in brief that nitrates of soda and other soluble salts applied at planting may have an injurious effect on land in a fairly high state of fertility nitrates of soda may not cause any marked improvement even when applied two months after planting; on poor soils when the foliage shows a pale color nitrates of soda applied not earlier than one month after planting may cause a marked increase in early season formation, which will result in increased yields the following year; application of nitrates of soda, even on land where nitrogen is the early factor, may cause a vegetable response standpoint when made about September 15 causes a marked increase in yield the following year; when mature is used better results have been obtained by applying in large quantities the year previous to some hard crop, or when applied at planting this by ploughing in rather deeply.

### Tradesman Made Mistake

Was Generous With Customer But Result Was Disastrous

"One of the secrets of success in business," remarked Sir Thomas Lipson recently, "is to create a customer's order exactly as you want for him. You do precisely what his requirements are. A tradesman may even with the best intentions, 'There for instance,' he continued, 'there was the case of the newly-arrived young man who informed the lady of his choice, and twenty-four, that he was sending her a rose for every year of her age. To a girl to have the order to send the lady two dozen of the finest roses he could procure. 'There's a good customer,' remarked the clerk to his assistant, who was packing the boxes, 'you put in an extra half-dozen.' 'The engagement was broken off.'"

### Only One Ending

Although she has an assortment of hats, she wants a new one. (That's the woman of it.) He says he thinks she can get along without it. (That's the man of it.) She insists that she can't and she's going to get it. (That's the woman of it.) He says, 'not to be known to.' (That's the man of it.) She breaks down and weeps. (That's the woman of it.) He gives in. (That's the end of it.)

Customer: "Is there any fresh?" Market woman: "I ain't sayin' they ain't." Customer: "I ain't asked you, is they any, I'm askin' you, is they is they?"

The "old tree is a dragon to win that girl." She: "You will. Wait till you meet her dad."

An astronomer reports that his business is looking up.

## The Age of Perpetual Youth

Hard to Determine At What Age a Man Really Grows Old

When Chief Justice William Mulock was banqueting the other day as an evidence of the high esteem in which he is held, he stated that although he is celebrating his eighty-third birthday he meant to keep in harness and go on with his work as long as he had the assurance, he now enjoyed that his faculties were at their best.

Sir William Mulock, one of many prominent men in Canada who, after passing the age of eighty, are adding lustre to their reputations.

So many are the instances of it that could be cited, in the law, the church, medicine, finance and business, that it appears to be necessary to revise the point of view of past generations as to the age at which men really grow so old that they should cease from their labors and relinquish their interest in the affairs of this world.

The boys and girls of today do their best to become men and women before their time, having really matured, they refuse to grow old. It is impossible to escape the conclusion that modern fashions in dress have much to do with keeping most people forever young—with fashions in dress so much else that affects health and character. Those who keep young count themselves with the interests of the young, remain cheerful and lead open and well-ventilated lives, instead of drooping by the fireside as elderly people used to do a generation or two ago.

The other day thirty-one employees in the municipal service of New York, who were due to retire at the age of seventy-five were given permission to retain their positions. The records show that twenty-five of them did not miss their duties even for a day during the past year. The different heads of departments in which these men were described many of them as almost indispensable—some in perfect physical condition and all physically fit for the services in which they were engaged, highly technical in some cases.

It has been found in the municipal services of New York that men of seventy begin to be more and more reluctant to accept positions and retire. This might mean that they had not practised the thrift they should but it is taken to mean that men of seventy are in better shape to carry on than men of their age used to be. No doubt they are. If, as the insurance companies tell us, the average age of the human being is seventy, America has been lengthened by fifty years since three generations ago. It should follow that men of seventy today are a fitter lot than men of that age formerly were. And they are. There is better health to be had than in past times, and all kinds of interests conspire to keep old people alert and interested. —Toronto Star.

### Separation Not Possible

Canada's Reverence For British Constitution Too Deep Says Sir Arthur Currie

Sir Arthur Currie, principal of McGill University, commander of the famous Canadian army corps, has little sympathy for the separatists, who at the slightest opportunity, raise the banner of separation. He says:

In certain quarters the phantom of separation and absolute independence as a Canadian desire is called up again, an insult in my judgment, to the sturdy character of an honorable Canadian people who have a deep reverence for the British constitution and all it represents. It is all very foolish, this phantom, but it is harmful and makes for discontent. It is not a belief or a hope in Canada. A little more plain talk like this, which has come from so many sources of late, and this class will be ashamed of this foolish talk. There was an attempt to start it after the last Imperial Conference, but it was pretty thoroughly squashed.

### Was Right Too

A prosperous pork butcher, recently made a J.P., was paying a visit to the local school and questioning the children on subjects of general knowledge.

"And now, my boys," he said, pride in his voice, "can anyone tell me what the letters J. P. after my name stand for?"

The answer was quickly forthcoming from the proverbial bright boy: "Judge of pork, sir."

New Elevator For Vancouver Plans are under way to add 1,600, 600 barrels to the capacity of No. 3 elevator at Vancouver, according to F. R. McD. Russell, chairman of the Vancouver Harbor Board.

Be sure you are right—but don't be too sure that everybody else is wrong.

## Community Spirit

People On The Farm Banded Together For Their Own Good

During the past two or three years there has come to our notice a considerable number of community enterprises, most of them of a very commendable character. It would appear that here in Saskatchewan, community work co-operative if you wish to call it—that has developed markedly during the past three or four years.

We have in mind three or four particular incidents. One is a district that has built up an agricultural fair that ranks among the best, yet it has not been able to secure, because of its location, any Government assistance. This community has built buildings, costing upwards of \$2,000 and constructed them in such a way that they can be used for exhibition purposes in the summer and as a community hall and cutting rink in the winter.

We have in mind one or two communities that have set out to improve the quality of the livestock produced in that district through boys' and girls' clubs and through making available the use of better sires. The value of such work cannot be reckoned alone in dollars. It sets a higher ideal for the people in the districts in all activities.

We have in mind also those enterprises that bring the people of the community together to achieve a common purpose. We of the farm have a tendency to be what is called "individualists." Our living apart just naturally develops this disposition. We must have a common work to bring us together socially and then work towards bettering turning as an economic occupation.

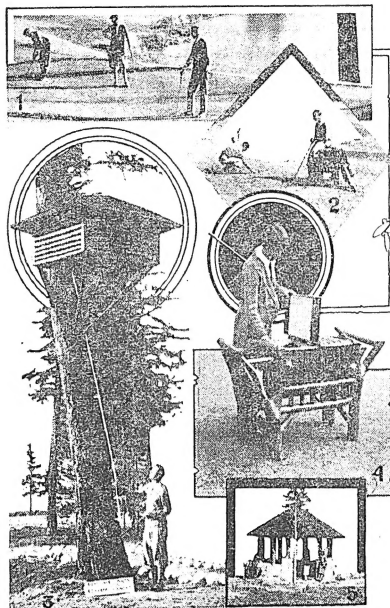
Without a doubt the people on the farm have come together during the past few years as never in the past. It has been these community enterprises and the common ground of co-operative marketing that has brought about this favorable state of affairs. May it develop. —Saskatchewan Farmer.

### Named After Toronto Professor

Coleman glacier, at the head of Smoky river northeast of Mount Robson, Jasper National Park, Alberta, is situated in a part of the Rockies renowned for its scenic beauty. The glacier is named after Dr. A. P. Coleman, F.R.S., Professor of Geology in the University of Toronto, who traversed this region in 1907 and 1908.

A pawnbroker says that many of his customers have redecorated their homes.

## CANADA'S MOST BEAUTIFUL GOLF COURSE



Literally hewed and blown out of brush and rock, where experts said no golf course could be constructed, the Jasper Park Lodge Golf Course is outstanding.

The topographical (No. 1) shows one of the three beautiful holes beside the opalescent waters of Lac Beauport. No. 2 shows two players preparing to tee off from No. 1 tee. No. 3 shows a player ringing off from No. 15 green, which is hidden from the view of approaching players. One of the rustic tee boxes is shown in picture No. 4, and picture No. 5 is an illustration of how carefully the rustic staff has been adorned to even in the matter of building drinking fountains on the course.

## Judging Character Of Broadcasters

Cannot Depend on Voices As They Are Often Deceptive

I saw an article in a contemporary the other day in which it discussed the question of whether listeners to the broadcasting could judge of the physique or character of a man by his voice. The writer expressed doubt whether this was possible, commenting that Gladstone had a high pitched voice that though Jewett had what was called a cherubic pipe, he was yet one of the most dominating influences of men of his time.

My recollection is that Bismarck—certainly a strong character—had a very poor voice. Richard Lator Shiel, the greatest orator of nineteenth century Ireland (except Daniel O'Connell), and who could move the House of Commons more than any man of his time, was described by Gladstone to have had a voice like the beating of an iron on a tin can. Dorell is supposed to have had a very good voice; but his contemporaries always used to say that he spoke like a man with a pin in his throat.

### The Only Restriction

People Who Attack Religion Must Do So Decently

If civilization means anything it means consideration for other people—self-restraint, courtesy. The theory of the modern radical seems to be that under the theories of free speech he has the right to attack any one's religion, a Canadian Jew as the spirit moves. A Canadian Jew had just rejected this view, and we are glad to support the court.

The point does not touch free speech remotely or directly. The argument can still present his convictions. He can criticize the old faiths at length. The only restriction is that he must do so decently and order, previously as he would drive his car down Main street, clothed himself for a public promenade or greet a neighbor.

The law does not permit A to insult B's wife. It is difficult to see why he should have a greater license in regard to B's God. —New York Herald Tribune.

### Turntable for Coaches

Motor coaches used at a railroad terminal in Jersey City are turned around on a turntable, which eliminates the difficulty of backing up and reversing direction in crowded quarters. The unit, much like those employed at railway shops, is easily turned by hand.

## Germination Test For Seed

From 50 to 95 Per Cent. Germination Is Necessary For Grain Seeds

Farmers at the present time are very anxious to ascertain whether their seed grain was at all affected by the bad weather of last fall. In view of this the following test for germination has been obtained from an authority on agriculture:

In making a germination test, a great deal of care should be exercised in picking the seeds. It is very important that a representative sample should be chosen, that is, large plump seeds should not be picked out from the cleaned seed, but a sample picked at random from the supply.

In all tests it is recommended that 200 seeds should be used. Place the seeds in a shallow pan or dish between two layers of heavy blotting paper, which has been soaked in water. The dish should be large enough to prevent the seeds being crowded. Keep the blotting paper moist at all times, but no free water should be allowed to stand in the dish. Keep the dish at the room temperature of 60 or 70 degrees.

After seven days, make the first count to see the number which have been germinated, and 10 to 12 days later, make a final count. For cereals, which include wheat, oats, barley and rye, there should not be more than 20 ungerminated seeds, that is, from 80 per cent. to 95 per cent. germination. For grasses and clover 85 per cent. germination is satisfactory.

A point to notice in connection with sweet clover and alfalfa is that a large number of the seeds will swell and will not germinate. This is due to the hardness of the seeds, but the Dominion Seed Testing Laboratories include these swollen seeds in the germination. Any farmer who wishes to, may get germination tests made by sending a sample to the Dominion Seed Testing Laboratories either at Calgary or Winnipeg. For cereals, a one pound sample is necessary. For clover and grasses, two ounces is sufficient. Any farmer may not get three or four samples tested free of charge.

### Casino Manager Was Loser

French Court Ruled Bogus Cheque Was Legal Tender For Gambling

Bogus cheques are legal tender, when given in a gambling casino in France, it's "valet empote" for the casino.

The Court of Cassation, the highest tribunal, has established this rule in a last case. A Monsieur Lambert on Ancey bought chips with cheques for which there was no funds, but because of such cheques in France is a criminal offence, severely punished.

Bad cheques are bad cheques, the court held, but a gambling debt is enforceable through the courts. Therefore a bad cheque given for chips which then are used for gambling is outside the law.

The gambling legislation even stops collection of a loan or advance made by a third party when it is known the money is for gambling.

### Canada's Mountain Parks

Dominion Has Made Generous Provision For Outdoor Recreation

Canada has now 10,000 square miles of the most magnificent territory in the Dominion set apart as national recreation areas. For centuries the world has made such generous provision for outdoor recreation and pleasure.

Of the seven great scenic parks under Dominion control in the Rockies and Selkirk, three are in Alberta and four in British Columbia. Waterton Lakes, Rocky Mountains and Jasper National Parks are in Alberta, and Yoho, Garfield, Kootenay and Strathcona-Banff parks are in British Columbia.

### Tree Species In Canada

Thirty-one Out of 150 Varieties Are Softwoods

There are approximately 150 species of trees in Canada of which 21 are conifers, or softwoods, and the remainder hardwoods. Of the total number only 23 species of softwoods, and 22 species of hardwoods can be considered as commercially important. The conifers form over 80 per cent. of the standing timber, and yield 95 per cent. of the lumber and plywood produced. The hardwoods are chiefly used for fuel, but they also furnish considerable lumber for flooring, interior finish, furniture, cooperage, turnery, and other wood-working industries.

There are 15,217 British subjects resident in China, of whom 9,200 are in Shanghai.

It is never advisable to tell a toupee maker he's good, because it goes right to his head.

Many a man's head is full of emptiness.

## England Keeps Tab On Aliens

Ordinary Tourist Is Not Affected by Police Regulations

New York papers recently gave prominence to a statement that there was in the throes of its first big international spy scare since the World War. Scotland Yard, it is declared, had redoubled its watch for spies at channel ports and even American residents, who generally are considered harmless, must have identity cards and report their movements to the police. It was a good yarn, as Sunday newspaper features go, despite the fact that the police precautions referred to have been in vogue several years. The situation, as explained by Mr. Milton Brommer, a London correspondent who took the trouble to set his home office right, is one which grew out of the Great War when it was essential for the safety of the United Kingdom that every foreigner should be tagged. The present system is just a hangover, like so many other nuisances bequeathed by the great conflict. The ordinary tourist, who visits England for a few weeks is not affected at all and will not be. The police rule is that aliens must apply to the police for an identification card if they are making an extended stay in Great Britain. Each citizen of a foreign country sojourning must supply the nearest police headquarters with three copies of his photograph. One of these is posted in the identity book given him and the others are retained in the files of the police. There is no annoyance, no third degree stuff, nothing but courtesy, efficiency and businesslike methods. "Presumably," writes Mr. Brommer, "the system is kept up so that if, for any reason, the police ever find you they know exactly where to find you. But, like so many nets spread by the authorities, the mesh is so big the very fish they want to catch slip through." The point he makes, of course, is that the law-abiding aliens duly obey the law and report their every move, but the crook or shady person, who doesn't want the police to know too much about him, simply neglects to keep the authorities posted and finds it easy to become swallowed up in vast London.

### Handicapped By Spelling

Or English Might Become World Language Say Authorities

The English language might become the world language of commerce and diplomacy if it were not for its stupid spelling, according to W. P. Storr, president of the Simplified Spelling Society.

This opinion is supported by Sir G. H. Hunter, who said that "English is now spoken by about 200,000,000 people. There is no reason, except our defective spelling why it should not become a world language. The negotiations between the Chinese and Japanese governments recently were conducted in English."

"The Simplified Spelling Society is willing to accept any method and any simplification which will improve our spelling and make it less difficult, less burdensome to our children and ourselves, and to those of other races who wish to learn our language," he said.

"Our whole educational system is handicapped by our spelling. English children do not learn to read and spell and write their own language as the children of some other nations. It is computed that anything up to two years is wasted by our absurd spelling in the school life of our average child. But even here in life the futility of conventional stupid spelling is a hindrance and a handicap. It is a deterrent to original composition. We should not require a dictionary to spell and write our own language."

"Now Charles," said the teacher "if your father can do a piece of work in one hour and your mother can do it in one hour, how long would it take them to do it together?"

"Three hours," answered Charles, "counting the time they would waste in arguing."

### Policeman Has Chauffeur

Patrick Butler, policeman, operates a stop-and-go sign. His wife owns the factory that makes them. So every day a shiny limousine with a uniformed chauffeur takes Officer Butler to work, and drives off with the command, "Back at four."

Jane—"You remember you told me that if I'd put a piece of that wedding cake under my pillow I would dream about my future husband?"

Joan—"Well, did you?"

Jane—"That's what worries me; I dreamt about the Seventh Regiment."

The greatness thrust upon us is sure to grate upon our neighbors.

We would have nice local citizens but for the secrecy of ideal of ions.



W. N. U. 1673



**CHINOOK UNITED CHURCH**  
 Sunday School 11.00 a.m.  
 Divine Worship 3.30 p.m.  
 Rev. A. G. Gay, B.A., Pastor.

### At the Elevators

(Prices Paid Yesterday)

Wheat	
1 Northern	1.22
2 Northern	1.17
3 Northern	1.09
Oats	
2 C. W.	.44
3 C. W.	.41
No. 1 Feed	.34
Flax	
1 N. W.	1.66
2 C. W.	1.55
Rejected	1.45
Produce	
Eggs	.30
Butter	.33

### Dr. J. ESLER

Physician and Surgeon, Cereals  
 Will be at the  
 Chinook Hotel every Tuesday  
 and Friday

**Walter M. Crockett,**  
 LL. B.,  
 Barrister Solicitor,  
 Notary Public

**B. H. DIAL**  
 Auctioneer  
 Is prepared to conduct all kinds of  
 Auction Sales.  
 Dates may be made at the Chinook  
 Advance Office.

**W. W. Isbister**  
 General Blacksmith  
 Counters and Dies Sharpened  
 Horse shoeing and General  
 Wood Work Repairing.  
 We guarantee our work.  
**CHINOOK - ALTA.**

### CANADIAN NATIONAL EUROPEAN TOURS

A maximum of travel through particularly interesting countries at a minimum of expense is provided in the Canadian National Educational Tours this summer through Scotland, England, France, Belgium, Switzerland and Italy.

Two tours have been arranged and sailing will be made from Montreal, July 8, on the S.S. "Andania," direct to Glasgow. Very careful attention has been given to itineraries involved.

Tour No. 1 is a 37-day trip on sea and land, visiting important cities in Scotland, England, France, Belgium, Switzerland. All expenses, \$372.50. Montreal to Great Britain and the Continent and return to Montreal.

Tour No. 2 is a 51-day trip on sea and land, visiting in Scotland, England, France, Belgium, Switzerland and Italy. All expenses, \$501.00. Montreal to Great Britain and the Continent and return to Montreal.

There will be low excursion fares to the seaboard from points in the Prairie Provinces.

The tours will be personally conducted from Western Canada, and while overseas will be under the direct care and supervision of thoroughly responsible and reliable organizations, fully qualified in every particular to successfully look after the interests of our patrons.

The sight seeing program is very complete and generous. Motor coaches and automobiles are freely used. All sight-seeing is well planned to save unnecessary fatigue and to see the worth-while places within the time at our disposal. Competent lecturers will reveal to our patrons the outstanding features, literary, historic, artistic or scenic of the Old World centres visited.

O. B. Elliott, local agent for the Canadian National Railways, will be glad to discuss these tours and arrange all details.

### Coal Production

The total coal production in the province of Alberta for 1926 was 5,608,908 tons, and there was a total of 341 mines operating during the year, with 278 in operation when the year closed. The total men employed was 8 723.

### Alberta's School Enrollment

There was a total enrollment of 150,556 pupils in Alberta public and high schools during 1926, an increase over 1925 of 2,750. Attendance at rural schools shows improvement. The demand for secondary education is on the increase and the percentage of pupils continuing through the high schools is higher than formerly.

Thirteen hundred students attended the University of Alberta last year, of which 897 were men and 405 were women.

### New Deputy Attorney General

Hon. J. F. Lymburn, Attorney General, has announced the appointment of George B. Henwood, well-known lawyer of Edmonton, to be Deputy Attorney General, in the place of R. A. Smith, resigned. Mr. Henwood has been practicing in the province for many years.

### PROVINCIAL FINANCES

The annual review of Alberta's finances was presented to the Legislature in session at Edmonton recently, by Hon. K. G. Reid, Minister of the Treasury. In view of the fact that the financial year of the Government is to be changed to end of March 31st of each year, Mr. Reid presented estimates covering the eighteen months to March 31 of 1928.

For the calendar year of 1927, he estimates that there will be a surplus in the provincial treasury of more than \$26,000, with another \$20,000 for the first three months of 1928, making a total surplus of more than \$46,000.

The total estimated revenue for 1927 shows an increase over the actual revenue for 1926 of \$588,900, and the estimated expenditures for the present year show an increase over the actual expenditures of 1926 of \$580,500.

Two new taxes were announced the first being a five per cent tax on the turn-over of all pari-mutual machines in the province, and the second being an additional tax of one cent a gallon on gasoline. The first is expected to bring \$100,000 into the treasury and the second is expected to bring \$280,000 in.

### Assessed Value of Lands

The total assessed value of all lands in Alberta for the purposes of the supplementary revenue tax collected by the Government, was five hundred and five millions of dollars in 1926, states the report of the Department of Municipalities. Of this amount, the assessed value of property in the cities was seventy-seven million, eight hundred thousand dollars; in the towns it was ten million, one hundred and sixty one thousand dollars; and in the villages it was four millions, eight hundred and sixty-nine thousand dollars. The assessment of rural lands totalled \$417,318,000. The report states that the finances of the rural municipalities have been greatly improved in the past year.

### 1926 Motor Licenses

The total motor licenses issued during 1926 was 64,179, with 642,000 licenses, a total increase of more than 11,000 over 1925. In the six cities, 20,592 were registered. The total revenue under the motor vehicle act last year was \$1,153,215.85 compared with \$954,411.85 the year previous. The gasoline tax brought \$423,777.96.

### NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that any person found riding a bicycle or other vehicle on the sidewalks of the Village of Chinook will be prosecuted.

By Order of the  
 Village Council.

### Public Health in Alberta

An encouraging feature of the report of the Public Health Department of Alberta for 1926, is the great improvement in the diptheria situation. In Lethbridge alone, it is stated, the annual number of cases has been cut down from 80 to 8. The improvement has come about as a result of the use of toxoid. In foreign districts, 3,155 persons have been given this treatment. A total of 18,350 people were given vaccine during the year.

The Nursing Branch had 130 schools under inspection during the year, in which 2,091 first inspections and 1,194 re-inspections were made. Home visits totalled 335, and 13 child welfare clinics were held in rural districts. In the three cities of Edmonton, Calgary and Medicine Hat, 200 clinics were held, with a total attendance of about 10,000. The district nurses in the frontier districts made more than 1,000 calls during the year, with 548 medical cases, 164 surgical cases, and 33 obstetrical cases to attend to.

The travelling clinic which visited outlying districts, examined 746 medical cases, with 212 operations performed for tonsils and adenoids, and 321 dental treatments. The scope of these clinics will be extended this year.

Four new municipal hospital districts were created during the year, and all districts are in good shape financially. There are 75 approved hospitals in the province, altogether, including city hospitals, and 75 private hospitals.

The vital statistics report shows 13,893 births registered for 1926, with reports still to come in, 4,473 marriages, an increase of 219; 154 divorces, an increase of 53; and 5,125 deaths, an increase of 724.

In the mental hospital at Ponoka there are 886 patients, an increase of 68. There were 313 admissions during the year and 177 discharged, of which 78 were cured, 63 improved, 15 not improved, and 21 not insane. The recovery rate is 29.76 for males and 28 per cent for females. At the Oliver Institute, for feeble-minded, there are 215 in residence and at the training school for mental defectives at Red Deer, there are 137 patients.

### Session Prorogued

#### In Alberta House

The Alberta legislature prorogued at 7 p.m., on Saturday, having been in session since February 10. With no contentious legislation before the house, the session was marked by an almost entire absence of "fireworks." Of almost one hundred bills put through, the great majority were amending acts to existing legislation. Less than a quarter of the bills were new legislation.

### EXPERIMENTAL FARM NOTES

#### Tree Planting

The importance of transplanting trees as early in the spring as frost will permit cannot be over estimated. Many trees are lost by late spring planting. The latest possible date for transplanting depends on the variety as some come into leaf much earlier than others. The earlier the transplanting is done the better but after the leaf buds have begun to open there is danger of losing the tree entirely by transplanting.

In transplanting deciduous trees it is usually necessary to cut some branches out or cut the entire top back to make a proper balance between roots and leaves. A very important point is to pack the soil very firmly about the roots.

Of all the poplars tried at the Scott Experimental Station the Russian Poplar is the most satisfactory. Among the 30 varieties of willows tested in the province, Golden willows have given best results but the climate is rather dry for best results with willows.

Of the flowering shrubs the bush honeysuckle is undoubtedly one of the hardest and most satisfactory. It is covered with blossom in the spring and an ornamental berry is formed which remains for months.

A number of different hedges have been tested and the common caragana is recommended for practically all conditions. It is widely used for shelter for gardens and is very efficient as a windbreak or snow trap.

Caragana is readily grown from seed and a very dense ornamental hedge may be formed if trimming is done regularly from the beginning. If allowed to grow without trimming, it will attain a height of 12 or 15 feet, but will not be so dense.

### CLASSIFIED ADS.

For Rent---Four roomed house with good garden. Apply at The Advance Office, Chinook.

FOR SALE---One Deering, 20-run Double Disc Drill, in good shape. R. J. Marr, South 1/2 Sec 28-28-8, Chinook.

FOR SALE---A quantity of good clean oats. For price apply to F. E. Foster, Chinook. Phone No. R 408.

FOR SALE---Five Yorkshire brood sows, bred to Berkshire boar, apply to The Advance Office, Chinook.

FOR RENT---That quarter section of land in the Coltholme district known as the Andy Simon quarter, on crop shares. Write your proposition. J. R. Miller, Dalsbury, Alta.

### Motor Truck Delivery

Prompt Service and prices reasonable

**M. L. CHAPMAN**  
 Chinook, Alta.

Just arrived a car of  
**12 inch WOOD**

### Coal, Flour and Feed

Call and see us for prices on the above.

**L. W. Deman**  
 CHINOOK, ALTA.



**Crocus Lodge, No. 115, G.R.A.**  
 A. F. & A. M.

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday or after the full moon.

Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.

J. W. LAWRENCE,

W. M.

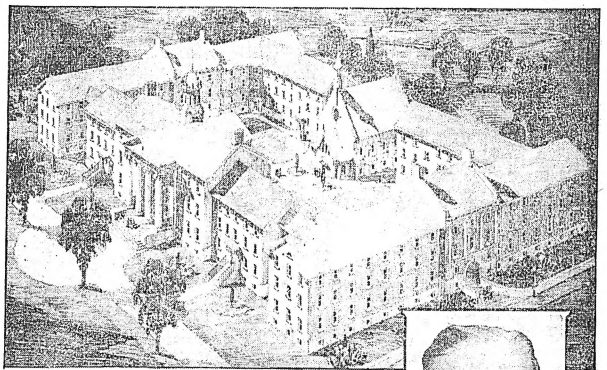
R. V. LAWRENCE,

Secretary

### Advice to the Lovelorn

Optimist. "When is the best time to marry?"  
 Pessimist: "If you are young, not yet; if you are old, never."

### New Home For Canada's Oldest University



Cut Shows Assemblage of King's College Buildings. Inset: His Excellency, Viscount Willingdon, Governor General of Canada.

After 137 years of higher educational work in Nova Scotia, King's College, Canada's oldest university, is to have a new home. The above drawing shows the proposed buildings, which will resemble in character Oxford University, to be built as soon as the present campaign has attained its desired objective. King's University stands as the only real monument in Nova Scotia to the United Empire Loyalist pioneers. In 1789 the U. E. L.'s who had come to the Dominion from New York planted an "acorn" in the establishment at Windsor, Nova Scotia, of King's College. Full University powers were granted in 1802 by Royal Charter, which was the first one received outside of the British Isles. From a dream in the

souls of those pioneer Loyalists King's has reached a recognized and honored place in the Dominion. Many famous Canadians have been Kingmen. Sir James Cochrane, Sir Frederick Borden, Judge Thomas Chandler Hurlburt (son Slick), Basil King, Rev. H. A. Coby, and Canon Allan P. Shaford, are a few of King's products. In 1925 King's took the first step towards a confederation of Maritime Colleges; the College was removed to Halifax and became associated with Dalhousie University. A year ago King's launched a campaign for \$500,000, having received a promise from the Carnegie Corporation of \$500,000 conditional upon the raising of the first amount. Up to date the total pledged in the



Maritime Provinces, Ontario, Quebec and England is \$340,000, and only \$100,000 more is needed. His Excellency, Viscount Willingdon, Governor-General of Canada, has accepted the office of Patron of the Rebuilding and Endowment Fund.

**WESTERN SALES BOOK CO.**  
 PROMPT SERVICE QUALITY BOOKS  
**Counter Check Books**  
 Manifold Forms - Restaurant Checks  
 Cash Sale Pads

### The Chinook Advance

**Ideal-the Deep Seam Coal**  
**As in 1926**

**So it will be in 1927**

The acknowledged leader of all Coals

Sold by the

**Imperial Lumber Yards**

O. L. MIELKE, Manager

CHINOOK, ALBERTA PHONE 12

### A Creamery's Greatest Assets Are Its Cream Patrons

Many features about the Creamery business are very important. It is necessary to have good equipment and efficient employees, plus a good market for the finished product.

More important than all these, however, are our Cream Patrons. We have to depend on You Mr. Cream Shipper, for our cream. To: great extent the quality of our products depends on the quality of the Cream You produce, and the care You take of it.

We want Cream, more Cream, and better Cream, if possible in return for which you can absolutely count on best grade, service and price when you ship your cream to--

**The Central Creameries**

Page 16 Youngstown, Alta. Ex 137